

Two-eigenfunction correlation in multifractal metal and insulator

V.E.Kravtsov

Collaboration: *Emilio Cuevas, Murcia*

Discussion: *Boris Altshuler ,
Michael Feigelman,
Oleg Yevtushenko*

Two-eigenfunction correlation function

$$C(E - E') = \frac{\sum_{n,m} V \int d^d r \langle |\Psi_n(r)|^2 |\Psi_m(r)|^2 \delta(E_n - E) \delta(E_m - E') \rangle}{\sum_{n,m} \langle \delta(E_n - E) \delta(E_m - E') \rangle}$$

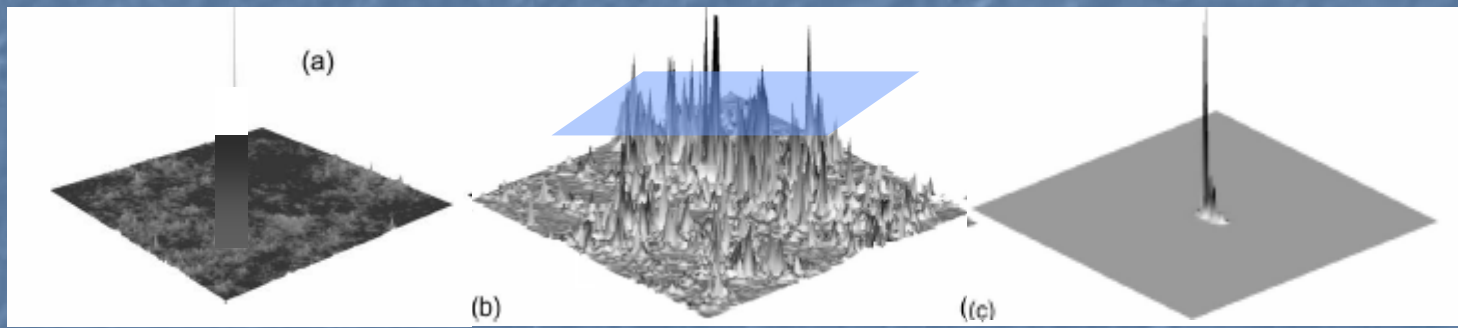
Eigenfunction overlap at an energy separation $E-E'$

Why to bother?

Matrix elements of local interactions, e.g. local attraction in superconductivity

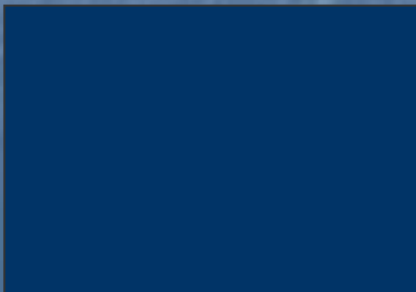
$$J_{nm} = g \int d^d r \Psi_n^2(r) \Psi_m^2(r)$$

Extended, localized and critical eigenstates



Extended states

$$\sum_r |\Psi_i(r)|^4 = \frac{1}{L^d} = \frac{1}{N}$$



Critical multifractal states

$$\sum_r |\Psi_i(r)|^4 = \frac{1}{L^{d_2}} = \frac{1}{N^{d_2/d}}$$



Localized states

$$\sum_r |\Psi_i(r)|^4 = \frac{1}{\xi^d}$$



Ideal metal and insulator

$$V \int d^d r \langle |\Psi_n(r)|^2 |\Psi_m(r)|^2 \rangle$$

Metal:

$$V \frac{1}{V} \frac{1}{V} = 1$$

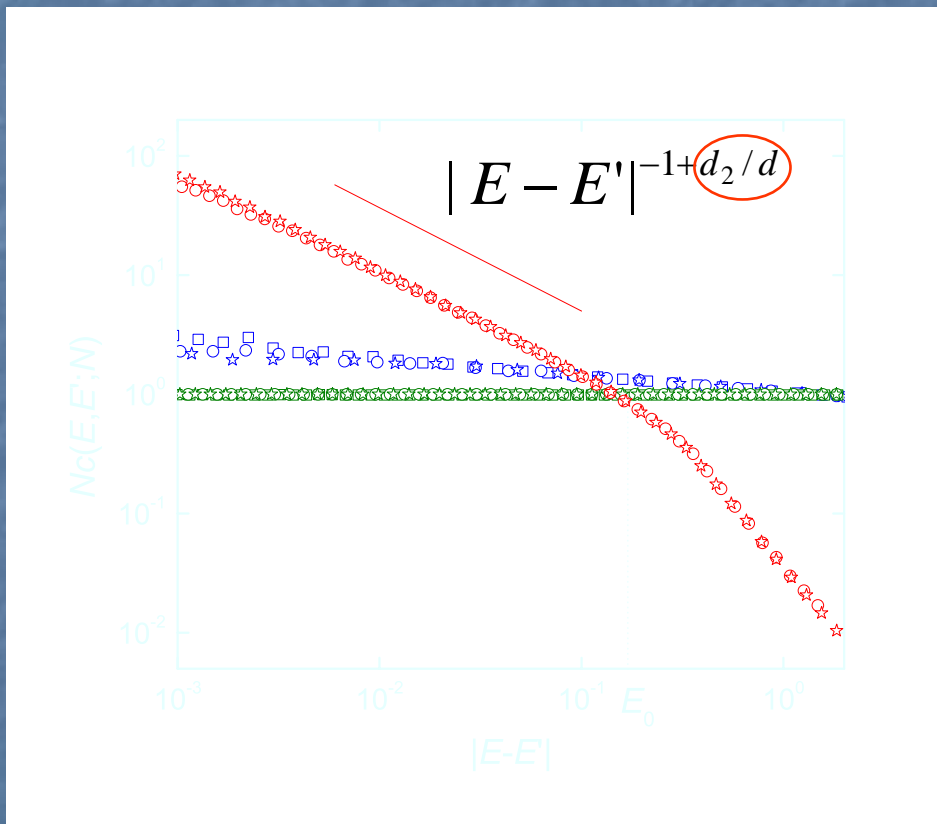
*Small amplitude
100% overlap*

Insulator:

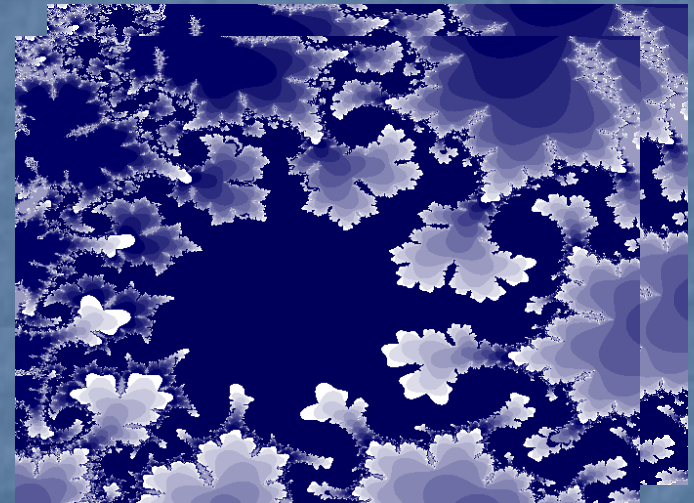
$$V \frac{\xi^d}{\xi^d} \frac{1}{\xi^d} \times \left(\frac{\xi^d}{V} \right) = 1$$

*Large amplitude
rare overlap*

Critical enhancement of correlations

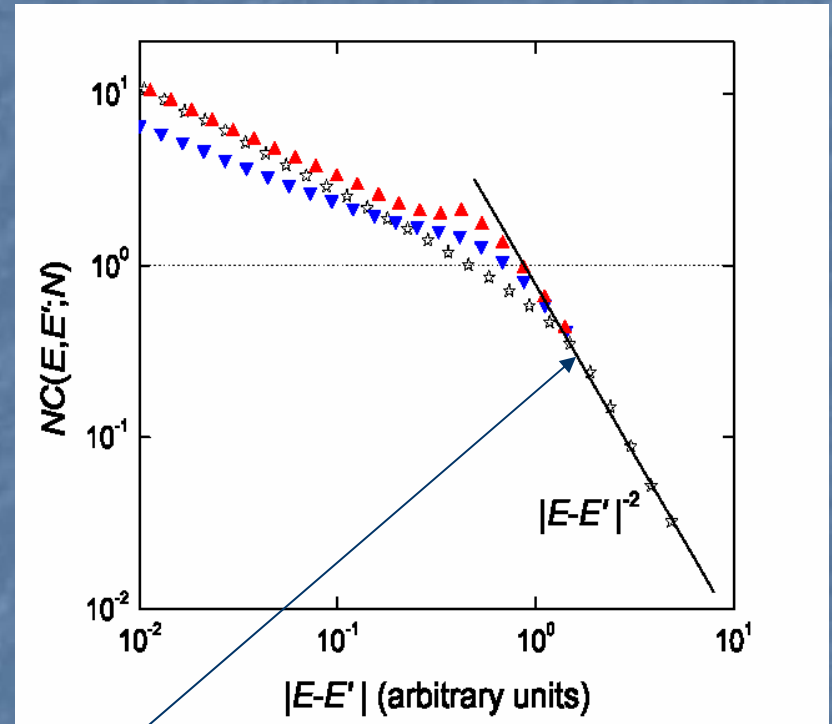
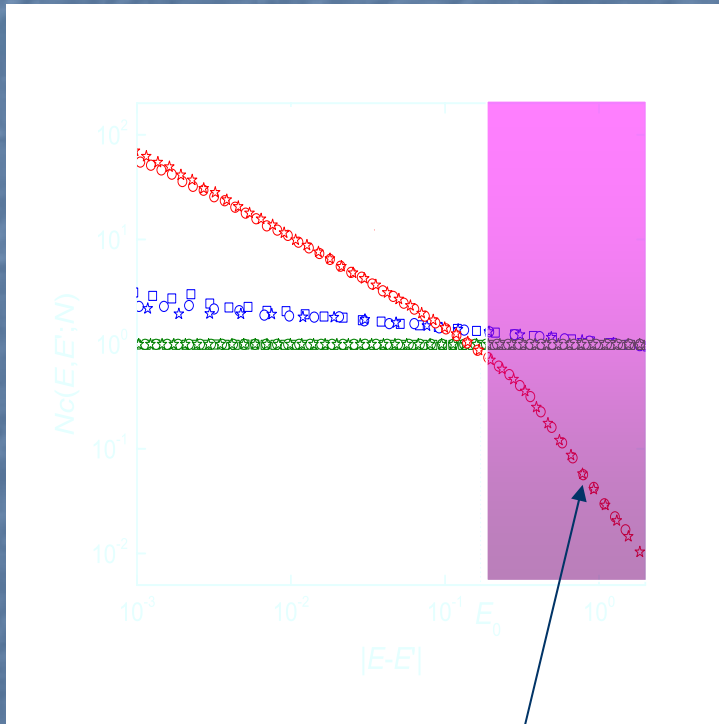


Amplitude higher than in a metal but almost full overlap



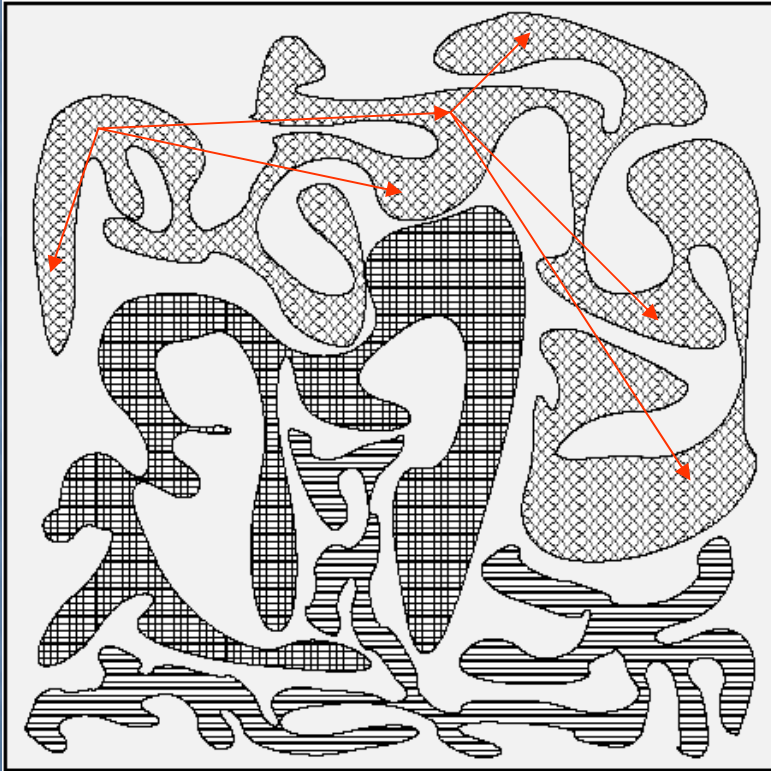
States far away in energy are strongly correlated

Self-avoiding of eigenfunctions



*Overlap is smaller than
for uncorrelated
eigenfunctions*

Stratification of space



Each shell consists of resonance sites for which $|E-E'| < V$

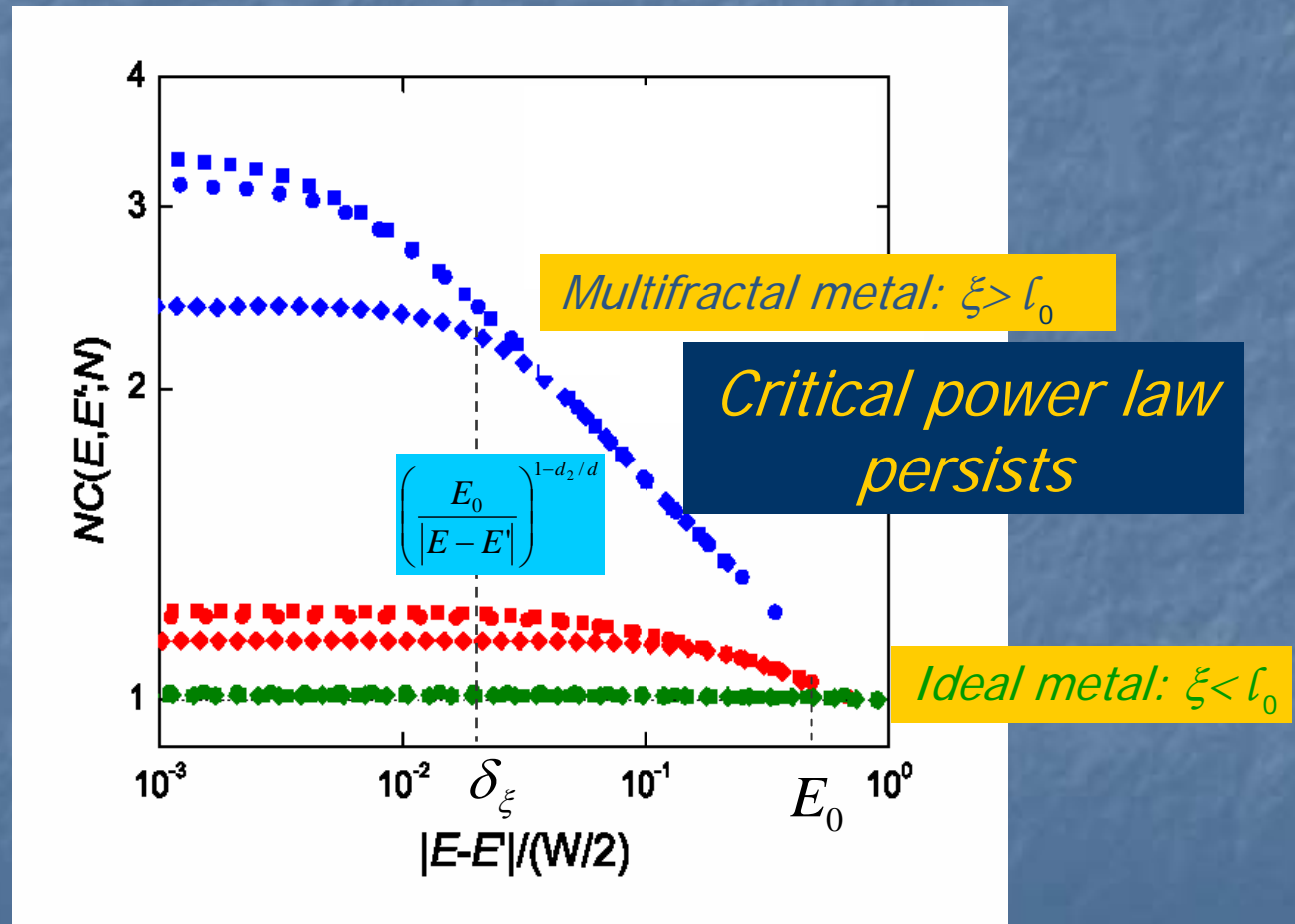
For $W = (\delta E_n) > V$ there are more than one shell which avoid each other in space

Intra-shell states overlap almost like in metal: enhancement of $C(\omega)$ at $\omega < \text{bandwidth} = E_0$

Inter-shell states avoid each other: $C(\omega)$ rapidly decreases for $\omega > E_0$.

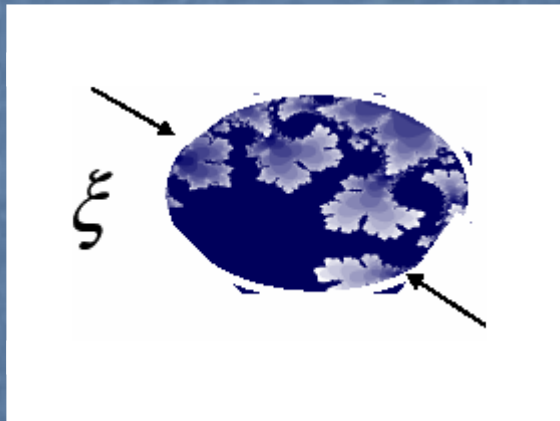
Two-eigenfunction correlation in 3D Anderson model (metal)

*New length scale ℓ_0 ,
new energy scale
 $E_0 = 1/\nu \ell_0^3$*

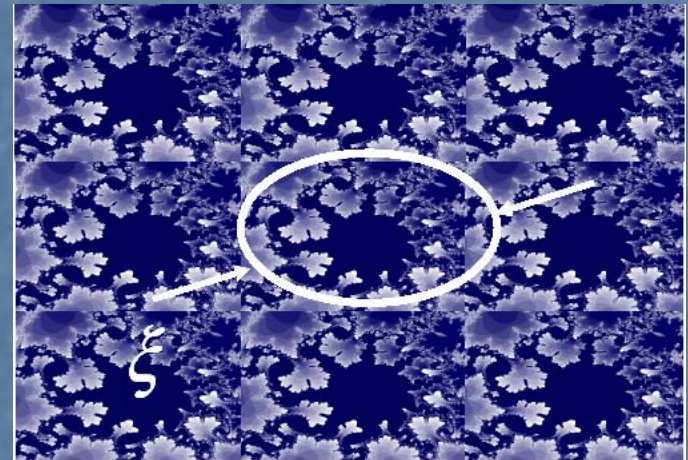


Multifractal metal and insulator

Fractal texture persists in the metal and insulator



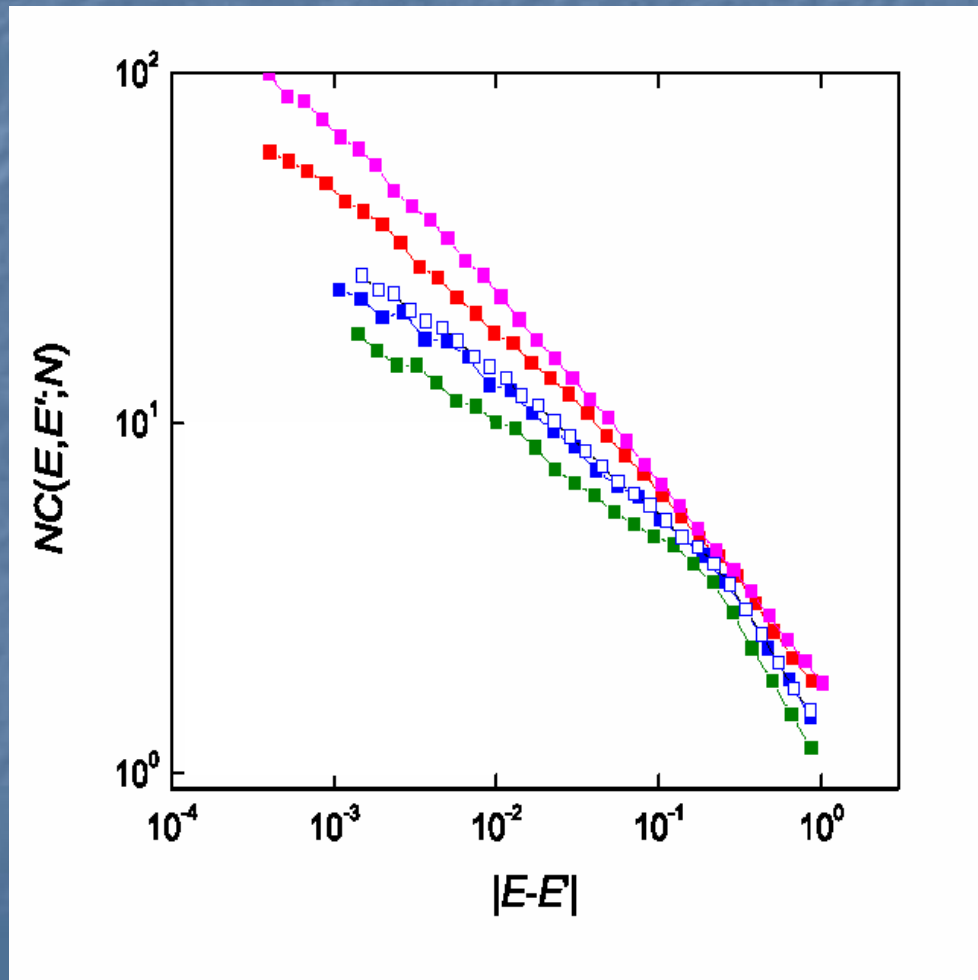
Multifractal insulator



Multifractal metal

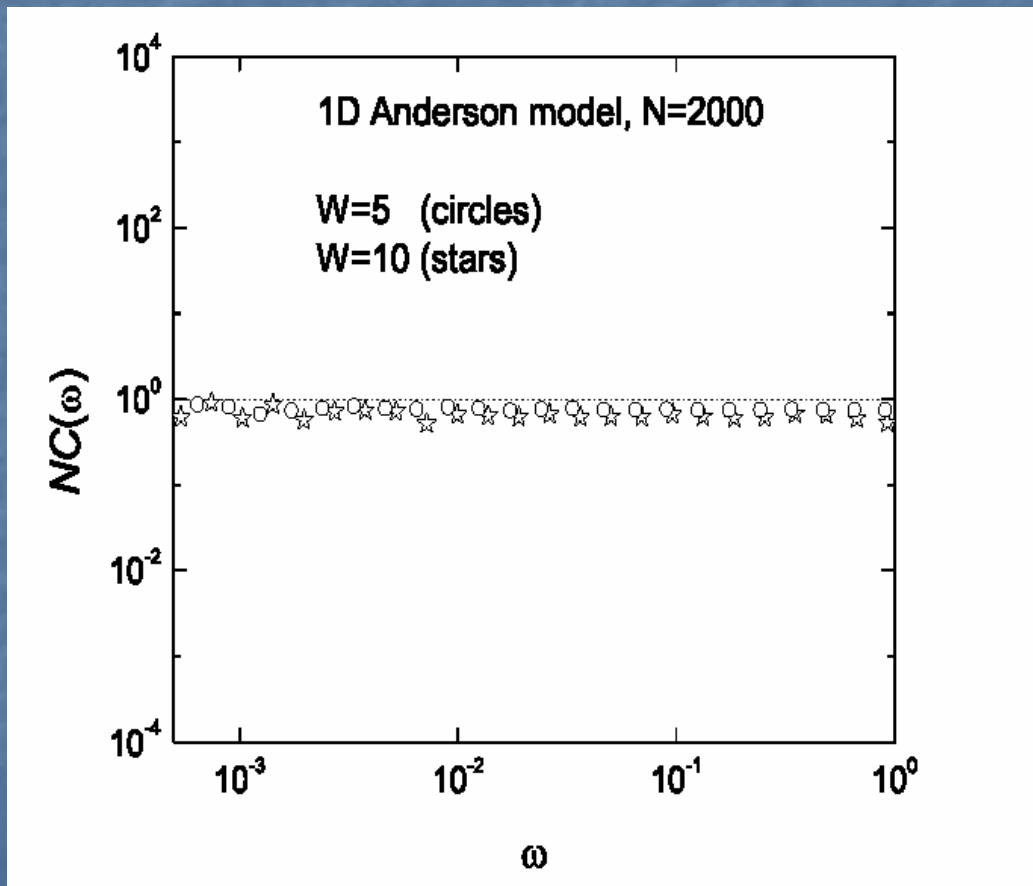
Localization/correlation length ξ is much larger than the minimal length scale for fractality ℓ_0

Two-eigenfunction correlation in 3D Anderson model (insulator)



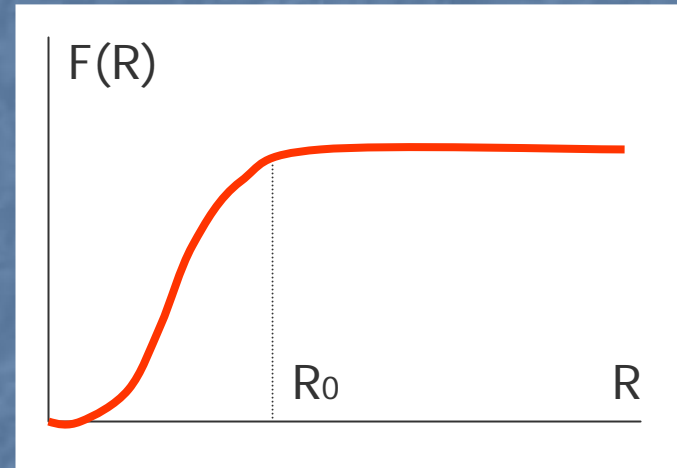
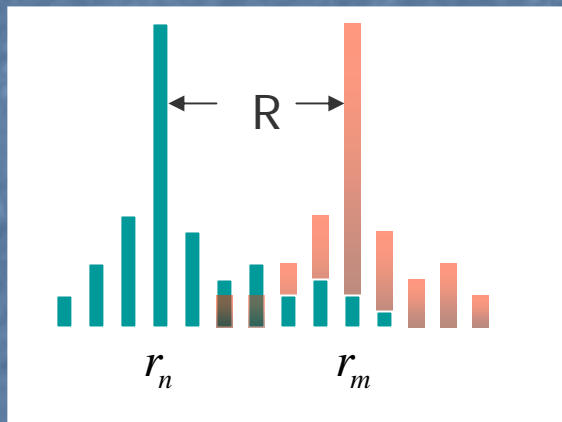
*No ideal
insulator even
for very strong
disorder!*

Two-eigenfunction correlation in 1D Anderson model (insulator)



*Ideal
insulator for
sufficiently
strong
disorder*

Repulsion of centers of localization

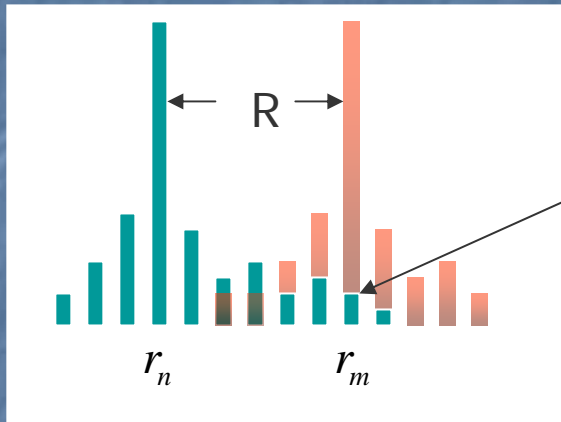


*Resonance repulsion
of centers of
localization*

$$R_0 = 2\xi \ln\left(\frac{\delta_\xi}{\omega}\right)$$

$$\omega = |E - E'| \ll \delta_\xi$$

Resonance enhancement of overlap



$$|\Psi_n(r_m)|^2 \approx \frac{|H_{nm}|^2}{(E_n - E_m)^2} \sim \left(\frac{\delta_\xi}{\omega}\right)^2 \exp\left[-\frac{R}{\xi}\right]$$

Enhancement of overlap at $\delta_\xi \gg \omega$

$$NC(\omega) \sim \left(\frac{\delta_\xi}{\omega}\right)^2 \int_{R_0}^{\infty} dR R^{d-1} \exp\left[-\frac{R}{\xi}\right]$$

$$R_0 = 2\xi \ln\left(\frac{\delta_\xi}{\omega}\right) \gg \xi$$

$$NC(\omega) \propto \ln^{d-1}\left(\frac{\delta_\xi}{\omega}\right)$$

At $d=1$ repulsion of centers of localization and the resonance enhancement of overlap compensate each other

$$NC(\omega) = 1$$

At $d > 1$ resonance enhancement prevails

$$NC(\omega) \propto \ln^{d-1} \left(\frac{\delta_\xi}{\omega} \right) \gg 1$$

Averaged matrix elements of interaction are enhanced

Random-matrix theory for 3D multifractal insulator

$$\langle |H_{nm}|^2 \rangle = \frac{1}{\left(1 + \frac{|n-m|^2}{b^2}\right)} \exp\left[-\left(\frac{|n-m|}{B}\right)^{1/3}\right]$$

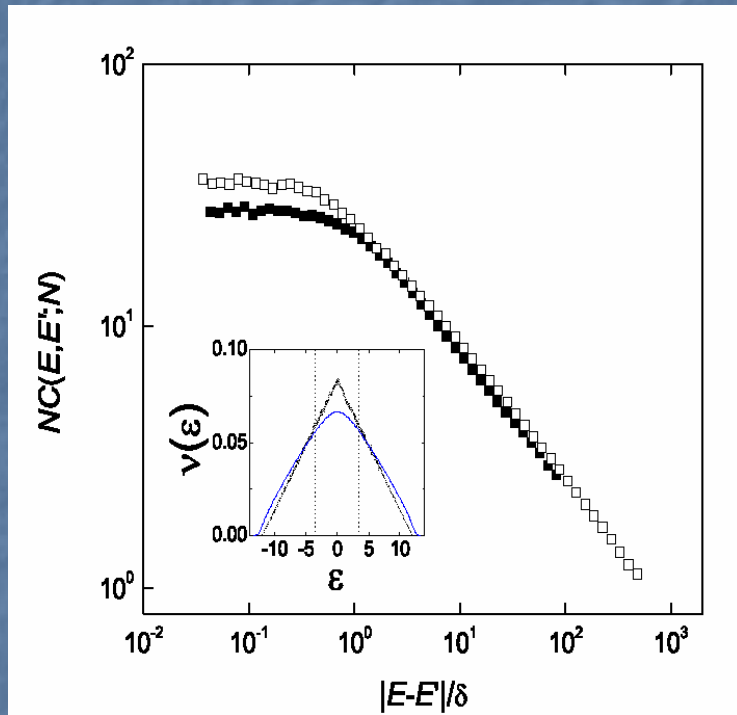
***b** controls fractality*

***B** controls localization radius*

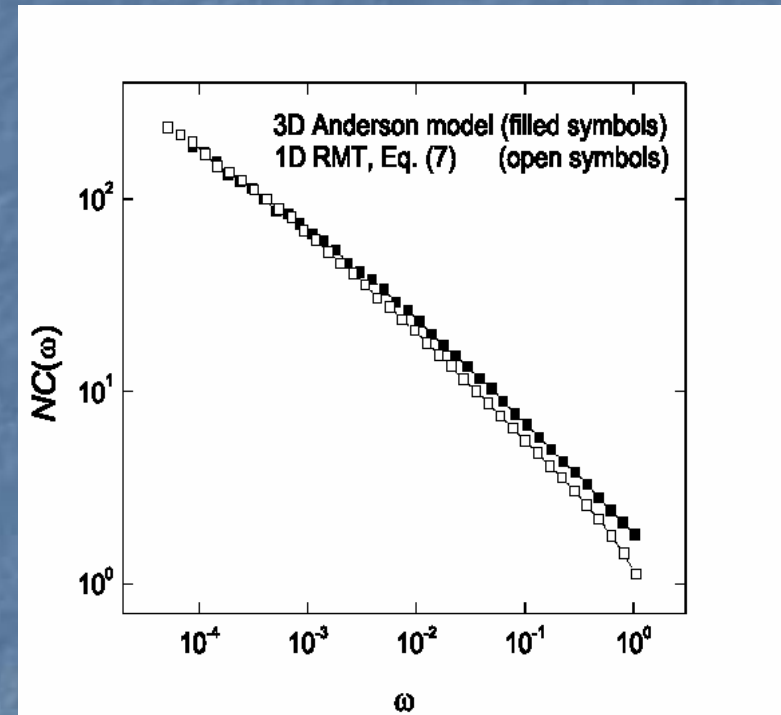
criticality

dimensionality of space

RMT vs. 3D Anderson model



Mobility edge:
 $B = \text{infinity}, b = 0.38$

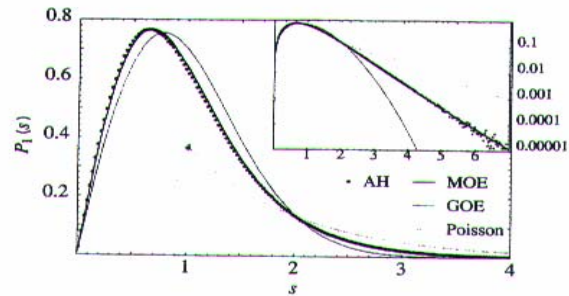


Strong insulator:
 $B = 5, b = 0.38$

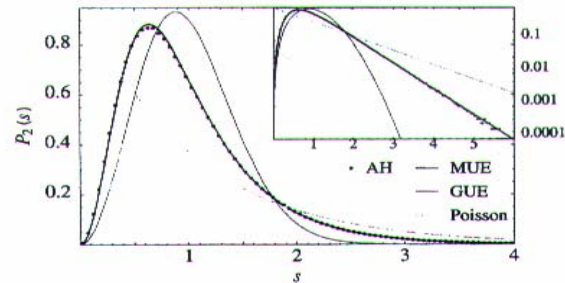
Conclusion

- Fractal texture of eigenfunctions persists in metal and insulator (multifractal metal and insulator).
- Critical power-law enhancement of eigenfunction correlations.
- Log enhancement of eigenfunction overlap in deep insulator for $D=2,3$. No enhancement for $D=1$.
- Stratification of space.
- Random matrix model for the 3D multifractal insulator

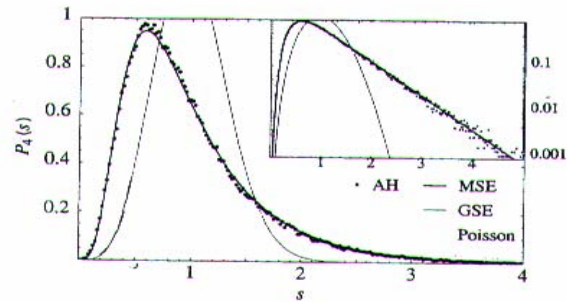
Spectral statistics



Potential disorder
 $b=0.38$



Potential disorder
+ magnetic field
 $b=0.16$



Potential disorder
+ spin-orbit inter.
 $b=0.07$